## The Theology of Augustine: An Introductory Guide to His Most Important Works Matthew Levering

Grand Rapids: Baker Academic, 2013; 224 pp., \$24.99, pb; ISBN 978-0-8010-4848-7

## ZUSAMMENFASSUNG

Mit dem Werk *The Theology of Augustine* bietet Matthew Levering eine flüssig lesbare und prägnante Einführung in die bedeutendsten Werke von Augustinus. Durch die Zusammenfassung der Hauptargumente von Augustins zentralen Werken stellt Levering dem Leser das große Bild seines theologischen Projektes vor; dabei vernachlässigt er aber nicht den historischen Kontext und die Feinheiten seiner besonderen Erkenntnisse. Sowohl theologisch interessierte Laien als auch theologische Experten werden beträchtlich von diesem Band profitieren und dazu angeregt werden, erneut oder, vielleicht gar zum ersten Mal, in die Primärquellen einzutauchen.

## RÉSUMÉ

Dans cet ouvrage consacré à la théologie de St Augustin, l'auteur produit une introduction succincte et très accessible aux œuvres les plus importantes de St Augustin. En résumant les arguments principaux de ces œuvres, il présente au lecteur une vue d'ensemble du projet théologique de l'évêque d'Hippone, sans toutefois ignorer leur contexte historique et les nuances de leurs apports particuliers. Le laïc ayant un intérêt pour la théologie et l'expert pourront l'un et l'autre tirer un profit considérable de cet ouvrage et se trouveront encouragés à creuser encore les œuvres de St Augustin, ou, peut-être, à les lire pour la première fois.

## **SUMMARY**

With *The Theology of Augustine* Matthew Levering offers a highly readable and succinct introduction to Augustine's most significant works. By summarising the main arguments of Augustine's central works, Levering introduces the reader to the big picture of his theological project, yet without ignoring Augustine's historical context and the nuances of his particular insights. Both the theologically interested lay person and the theological expert will benefit considerably from this volume and they will be stimulated to delve again, or, perhaps for the first time, into the primary sources.

Augustine of Hippo (354–430) undoubtedly remains one of the most influential figures in the history of Christianity. Roman Catholic scholar Matthew Levering, professor of Theology at the University of Saint Mary of the Lake in Mundelein (Illinois, USA) offers the reader a helpful tool to access Augustine's works today. The book clearly delivers on what it promises to do in its subtitle, namely to provide 'an introductory guide' to Augustine's 'most important works'. Of Augustine's significant corpus, Levering chose to focus on the following works: On Christian Doctrine, Answer to Faustus, a Manichean, Homilies on the First Epistle of

John, On the Predestination of the Saints, and Augustine's three major works, Confessions, the City of God and On the Trinity. Given this considerable challenge one would surely expect a bulky volume to emerge. However, Levering manages to present his results on merely 224 pages. And he does so in a highly effective way as he achieves a balance between attention to detail and a clear focus on the overarching elements of Augustine's theological thought. Hence the book's seven chapters are brief yet not shallow, condensed yet not cumbersome.

As Levering expounds the major building blocks of Augustine's theological thought, set against the backdrop of his life and history, the reader gets a clear picture of Augustine's big ideas, such as the virtue of interpreting Scripture, of discovering God's action in concrete history, of human participation in the life of the Triune God, the notion of love and of happiness, combined with his distinct God-centeredness, and, in particular, his profound Christ-centeredness. 'We are made to love the Triune God and to participate in his life', writes Levering, '[t]his is the message of these seven works of Augustine' (190). The particular advantage of a large synopsis such as this is that it clearly reveals Augustine's significant influence on subsequent generations of theologians. One thinks, for example, of John Calvin who quoted Augustine more than any other scholar, or of Jonathan Edwards, who has frequently been labelled the 'American Augustine'. The book's fourth chapter, 'On Predestination', is a special highlight in terms of particular depth and theological reflection; apparently, Levering is here able to draw on previous research, such as his Predestination: Biblical and Theological Paths (Oxford University Press, 2011). The last chapter, 'On the Trinity', is relatively complex, which, of course, is largely due to the subject matter's intrinsic complexity.

Levering offers a very helpful bibliography for further reading and he refers to a whole range of relevant (yet mostly Anglo-Saxon) secondary sources. Overall, this comprehensive yet concise presentation of Augustine's major works and his thought life will stimulate both the lay person interested in historical theology and the theologian alike to move into the primary sources and pick up Augustine (again): *Tolle lege!* 

Michael Bräutigam Edinburgh